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'Index-based costs of agricultural production in Austria' (INCAP) – A new risk analysis tool for Austria

K. Heinschink¹, F. Sinabell² and C. Tribl¹

¹ Federal Institute of Agricultural Economics, Marxergasse 2, 1030 Vienna, Austria ² Austrian Institute of Economic Research, Arsenal Object 20, 1030 Vienna, Austria

Contact: karin.heinschink@awi.bmlfuw.gv.at

Supported by the Austrian Climate and Energy Fund of the Austrian Federal Government, Contract B368569 of ACRP 6 ADAPT-CATMILK KR13AC6K11112



Presentation at the AES 90th Annual Conference University of Warwick, Coventry, UK, 5th April 2016 The Climate and Energy Fund of the Austrian Federal Government









 Index-based costs of agricultural production (INCAP) – an comprehensive Austria-specific cost data set

Contents:

- Study background
- Introduction to the Index-based Costs of Agricultural Production (INCAP)
- Case study: Wheat production in Gänserndorf, Eastern Austria
- Validation
- Discussion





Study background





Study background (1): Research objectives and approach

- Study title:
 - 'Adaptation in Austrian Cattle and Milk Production'
- Among the research objectives:
 - to better understand and <u>communicate</u> ...
 - the potential costs of climate change and mitigation measures
 - at the micro-economic level in specific regions and production systems
 - at the macro-economic level (spatial impact, trade)
- Approach:

 - mathematical modelling, using a composite of bio-physical and bio-economic models





Our contribution to the knowledge base

Study background (2): Task and work steps

management variants)

(from the past into the future)

Our task:

Develop a cost data set:

- accounting for ...
 - a wide variety of activities in Austria's agriculture
 - specific attributes of each activity (production characteristics,
 - an extended period
- suitable for mathematical modelling

Work steps:







Introduction to INCAP ,Index-based Costs of Agricultural Production'





- Concept:
 - Revenue variable costs = gross margin
 - Amount available for covering fixed costs + income

Advantages:

- common usage
- farm managers keep records
- benchmarking possible
- no/little distortion through fixed costs

Disadvantages:

- depending on the purpose (analyse the past, plan for the future ...)
- no uniform concept regarding the considered cost items
- understanding of the underlying system required to allow benchmarking
- detailed data required





Primary data source for INCAP: 'Internet Gross Margins'

seite > DATEN UND FAKTEN > IDB Deckungsbeiträg

IDB Deckungsbeiträge und Kalkulationsdaten

Rechenprogramm, Kalkulationsdaten und Hintergrundinfo zur Kalkulation der Wirtschaftlichkeit landwirtschaftlicher Produktionsverfahren.

Die Anwendung Internet-Deckungsbeiträge ist durch Kooperation mit der LfL Bayern entstanden und wird schrittweise erweitert.

Um ein fehlerfreies Arbeiten zu gewährleisten, muss das zu bearbeitende Verfahren vollständig geladen sein!

Sollten Sie Unstimmigkeiten oder Fehler entdecken, sind wir für Hinweise dankbar. Ansprechpartner ist Ing. Dipl.-Päd. Siegbert Linder (E-Mail: idb@awi.bmlfuw.gv.at, Tel.: 01 8773651-7496).



Zwischenfrucht /

Link to Internet Gross Margins application (publicly accessible): http://www.awi.bmlfuw.gv.at/idb/default.html

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Scope and structure (1): Activities



* More activities will be added in the future.





Scope and structure (2): Dimensions







Scope and structure (3): Unique combinations

Note the high degree of differentiation.

Example:

Combining activities

30 plant production activities

with some of the attribute groups [no. of attributes] mentioned above:

field size [2], farming system [2], tillage system [2], labour type [2], climate type [2], plant protection intensity [3]

equals a large number of unique activity-attribute combinations.

2,880 unique combinations of plant production activities in a single period.



Example: Quality wheat, average 2011-2013



2ha, tax excluded) in the reference year (average 2011-2013), €/ha. Source: Own figure, 2015





Scope and structure (4): Time series

A time series is generated by:

- 1. Compiling a gross margin calculation for each activity in the reference period
 - e.g. 3-year average
- 2. Developing indices for
 - yield
 - output prices
 - input prices
- 3. Imposing indices on reference period (yield, output price, individual costs items)





INCAP can be used for analyses regarding:

Farm business strategy

e.g. identify the cost-minimising or gross margin-maximising activity mix; identify the upper limit for payable land rent for future business years

- Risk e.g. identify the income foregone due to a price decline or extreme weather conditions
- Policy e.g. identify activity mix with minimum amount of greenhouse gas emissions or maximum amount of consumable calories
- Regions e.g. compare activity mixes and economic indicators of different regions
- Changes over time

e.g. production options change by year and/or region





Case study: Wheat production in Gänserndorf, Eastern Austria (Preliminary results)

Case study (1): Gänserndorf, a district in Lower Austria

WIFO



Case study (2): Gänserndorf, a district in Lower Austria



WIFO

Case study (3): INCAP results for quality wheat production



Source: Own figure (2016)

WFO







Source: Own figure (2016)









Source: Own figures (2016)





Validation





Validation (1): Aspects and approach

- Aspects to be validated:
 - Activities considered
 - Cost items considered and numeric level of costs
 - Attributes considered and numeric level of costs
 - Cost development over time
 - Consider differentiation by area?
- Approach:
 - Observed data
 - Farm records
 - Functions
 - Planning data
 - Expert opinion
 - Other?





Validation (2): Difficulties encountered

- Few suitable (published) sources available
- Data issues:
 - missing data (e.g. no reliable producer prices for organic crops, no Austria-specific data)
 - data quality (e.g. methodical changes such as change in time series)
- High level of aggregation in most sources
 - e.g. regarding production conditions, management variants, areas
- Differing approaches/breakdown of costs
 - e.g. variable machinery costs in the Internet Gross Margins (= principal source used for INCAP)
- Technical issues



Validation (3): INCAP and working groups results



Source: Own illustration based on INCAP and records from working groups (AK) of the Chamber of Agriculture





End of presentation & Discussion